# University of South Carolina Psychology PhD Program: Cognitive and Neural Sciences (CNS) Concentration Information Guide for Prospective Graduate Students

# About the Psychology Ph.D. program

https://sc.edu/study/colleges schools/artsandsciences/psychology/

The Psychology PhD program at the University of South Carolina focuses on training students for careers in research, college-level teaching, and other settings. Students select a primary concentration when applying, so Cognitive & Neural Sciences is one of four concentrations (CNS, Clinical-Community, Quantitative Psychology, School Psychology). All coursework and research emphasizes hands-on training with opportunities for extensive research with next-generation technologies and service to diverse populations.

# Focus of the CNS concentration

https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/artsandsciences/psychology/study/graduate/cognitive\_neural\_sciences/

In our program, you will use experimental methods and the latest technology to uncover the cognitive and neural bases of behavior.

Help advance psychological science by promoting excellence and productivity in research and gain graduate training in behavioral neuroscience, cognitive neuroscience and cognitive psychology to prepare for your future career in research, teaching, and/or industry.

### Fast facts!

- ☐ CNS program typically takes ~5 years
- ☐ All students are typically supported with a stipend and full tuition for the duration of their studies
- ☐ Health insurance and benefits are provided
- ☐ Applications are due December 1, 2022

# Faculty bios and videos available!

https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/artsandsci ences/psychology/study/graduate/cognitive\_neu ral\_sciences/cns\_faculty2.php



CNS Director: Doug Wedell (<a href="mailto:wedell@mailbox.sc.edu">wedell@mailbox.sc.edu</a>)
Admissions committee:

- Caitlin Hudac: chudac@mailbox.sc.edu; @greatcait
- Peter Vento: <a href="mailto:pvento@mailbox.sc.edu">pvento@mailbox.sc.edu</a>; @peter\_vento



# **Strengths of the CNS Program**

### **Topic areas**

- Affect / Emotion
- Attention
- Behavioral inhibition
- Cognition and executive control
- Concepts
- Emotion regulation / Regulation
- Decision making / Judgment
- Development and aging
- Language
- Memory
- Microbiome / Gut-brain axis
- Multisensory perception
- Pain (neurocognition)
- Psycholinguistics
- Semantic processing
- Sensory-motor integration
- Spatial cognition

### Some techniques we use

- Animal models (rodent models of human disease)
- Brain stimulation (tDCS, TMS)
- Electroencephalography (EEG)
- Eye tracking (ET)
- Fluorescence microscopy
- Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
- Multivariate pattern analysis (MVPA)
- Optogenetics and optical imaging tools

# Some clinical & applied areas we study

Addiction and substance abuse

Stress and anxiety

Autism and neurodevelopment

Stroke and aphasia

We offer several optional targeted coursework and training opportunities for expanding research and teaching skills.

# **CNS Resources**

### **Institute for Mind and Brain**

Integrated research hub for scientists interested in structural and functional bases of higher cognitive processes in the human brain.

https://go.sc.edu/imb

### **McCausland Center**

Home to a Siemens 3-Tesla magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) system and supports the development and implementation of various MRI-related research paradigms.

https://mccauslandcenter.sc.edu/

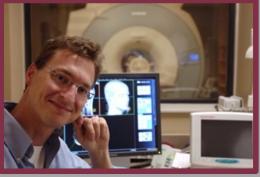
### **Research Computing Center**

Access to high-performance research computing, remote and collaborative visualization, data storage, and assistance with code development.





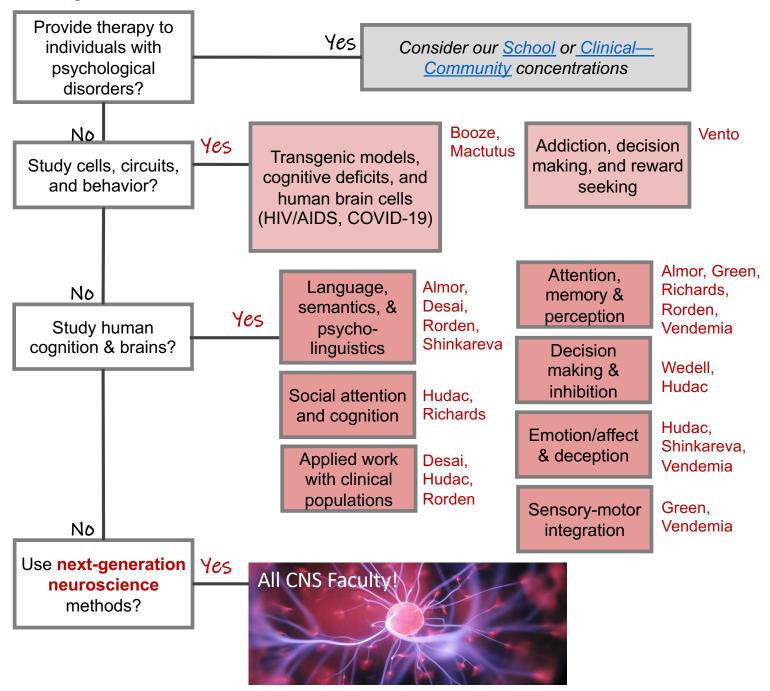
Discovery building



Dr. Chris Rorden at the McCausland Center

# **CNS** faculty research topic flow-chart

# Do you want to...



Unsure? Here are some other benefits of CNS versus clinically-oriented concentrations and programs:

- 1. More time to focus on research and coursework.
- 2. If you're interested on a specific clinical disorder or an applied area, you can focus on one area (**depth over breadth**) rather than spending time in clinical training to assess and treat a wide range of disorders.
- 3. The CNS program can be completed in a **shorter timeframe** (less coursework and no year-long internship).
- 4. CNS may be a better fit for those wanting to be **trained for a career in non-academic positions** such as industry, the National Institute of Health, foundations, or policy making.
- 5. For those interested in teaching, the CNS program provides opportunities for developing teaching skills and teaching your own classes. **There is a great need for more teachers in cognition and neuroscience!**

# CNS Faculty highlights – cells, circuits, and behavior

Faculty that primarily use models of human disease:

**Dr. Rosemarie Booze** 



- Long-term effects of viruses in the human and non-human primate brain;
- Plant-based neurocognitive therapeutics;
- · Drug dependence and abuse

Dr. Charles F. Mactutus



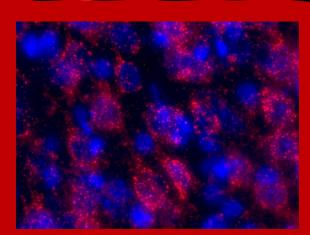
- Long-term effects of drugs, toxins, and viruses on cognitive processes in the nonhuman and human brain;
- Microbiome and gut-brain axis for neurotherapeutics;
- Drug dependence and choice behavior

**Dr. Peter Vento** 



- Addiction; compulsivity
- Cost-benefit decision-making;
- ·Behavioral inhibition;
- Punishment learning

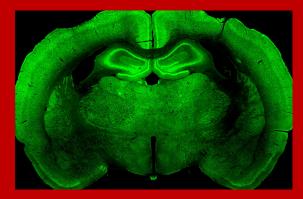
### Snapshots from Dr. Vento's lab:



Histology



Fluorescence microscopy



**Neuroanatomy** 



Turning on the brain with light!

Optogenetic tools for modulating brain circuits and visualizing neural activity

# **CNS Faculty highlights - Neuroimaging**

Faculty that primarily use neuroimaging methods such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI):

### **Dr. Amit Almor**



- Psycholinguistics
- Language, Memory, concepts; attention, space and aging; •Neural basis of
- Discourse Reference Processing

### Dr. Rutvik Desai



- Neural representation of concepts;
- Neural basis of language

# Dr. Svetlana Shinkareva



- MVPA methods;
- Representation of affect;
- Representation of semantic meaning

# Dr. Chris Rorden



- Language, attention and perception;
- Neuropsychology, brain imaging and brain stimulation

### **Dr. Doug Wedell**



Director of CNS Program

- Judgment and decision making;
- Context effects;
- Neural representation of affect

# Snapshots of Dr. Desai's lab:



Dr. Desai getting ready for an tDCS (left) and an example of a TMS study (right)



← 3T fMRI session

One of many social events!



# **CNS Faculty highlights - Electrophysiology**

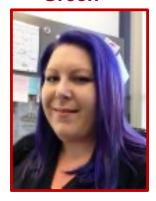
Faculty that primarily use electroencephalography (EEG) and/or event-related potentials (ERP) include:

Dr. Caitlin Hudac



- Social motivation, perception, cognition;
- · Emotion regulation;
- Autism & genetics;
- Development

Dr. Jessica Green



- Attention;
- Multisensory Perception;
- Human Electrophysiology (EEG)

Dr. John Richards



- Infant attention;
- Developmental neuroimaging;
- Psychophysiology

Dr. Jennifer Vendemia



- Neurocognition of pain;
- Sensory motor integration;
- Stress and cognition

### Snapshots from Dr. Hudac's lab:



Dr. Hudac as a bee for GRIN2B(ee) awareness day!



Some of our GRIN2B "warriors" participating in our BioGENE study



New work coming out of our lab utilizing "hyperscanning" or dual EEG



Brain Research Across Development (B-RAD) team collecting data "on the road"

# **Psychology benefits from diversity**

Psychological sciences must capture the full range of human experiences in order to truly understand psychological constructs or phenomena. Different identities in race, gender, and culture shape influence individuals' psychology. Everyone benefits if the field of psychology is representative of the population as a whole. A more representative workforce of psychologists is more likely to pursue questions and problems that reflect a broader perspective on humanity.

# Everyone belongs in science.

In the Psychology Department at UofSC, we aim to improve diversity in psychology and in the psychology workforce. In addition to recruiting graduate students and faculty from a variety of backgrounds, the Psychology Program has active research programs addressing a wide variety of topics including racial and gender disparities, stereotyping, how aesthetic perceptions may differ by race, rural health disparities, and many more.

### Here are some diversity initiatives from the CNS Programs:

### **Inclusion in Neuroscience**

The CNS concentration will be hosting a table to celebrate inclusion in neuroscience at a UofSC event during Brain Awareness week March 13-19, 2023!

As an example, Dr. Caitlin Hudac and her research group have developed resource guides for prospective participants *and* researchers to encourage more individuals with coarse and curly hair types to participate in brain research using EEG. See videos here: <a href="https://www.b-radlab.com/what-is-eeg.html">https://www.b-radlab.com/what-is-eeg.html</a>



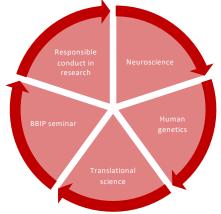
# **Behavioral-Biomedical Interface Program (BBIP)**

https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/artsandsciences/psychology/study/graduate/behavioral\_biomedical\_interface\_program/

BBPI is an interdisciplinary research training program designed for select doctoral students in epidemiology, exercise science and psychology.

Students apply for BBIP in conjunction with the Psychology program, so talk to the faculty early and often!

This program is supported by a prestigious NIH T32 pre-doctoral research training grant (5T32GM081740) from the National Institute of General Medical Sciences.



# Careers after the UofSC CNS Program

Our CNS graduates work in a wide range of settings. Here are some examples of careers from our recent alumni:

# Professor/Instructor conducting research, teaching, and training students at a university or liberal arts college

- •Dr. Jongwan Kim (2015), Jeonbuk National University
- •Dr. Wanze Xie (2017), Peking University
- •Dr. Kathleen Jocoy (2019), Frostburg State University
- •Dr. Christine Weber (2020), University of South Carolina
- •Dr. Kristin Kirchner (2022), Valdosta State University

### **Currently completing postdoctoral scholarship**

- •Dr. Victoria Macht (2018), University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill
- •Dr. Michael Cranston (2018), Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences
- •Dr. Spencer MacAdams (2019), Wake Forest School of Medicine
- •Dr. Kristen McLaurin (2020), University of South Carolina
- •Dr. Chuanji Gao (2020), Donders Institute for Brain, Cognition, and Behaviour
- •Dr. Adam Denton (2021), Medical University of South Carolina
- •Dr. Alex Steiner (2021), Vanderbilt University
- •Dr. Jessica Illenberger (2021), The Scripps Research Institute
- •Dr. William Hayes (2022), Indiana University

# Working for a business, organization, or government agency to understand or change aspects of human behavior

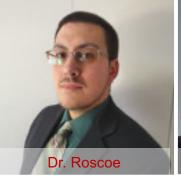
- •Dr. Sarah J. Bertrand (2014), Senior scientist at Transcend Therapeutics
- •Dr. Taylor Hanahyik (2019), Analysis research software engineer at University of Oxford, Nuffield Department of Clinical Neurosciences
- •Dr. William Brixius (2017), Research specialist at SR Research Ltd
- •Dr. Robert F. Roscoe (2017), Product manager at IsoPlexis





















### INTERVIEW WITH AN UPCOMING CNS GRADUATE

# Jonathan C. Rann, M.S., M.A.,

6<sup>th</sup> year doctoral student with Dr. Almor



# Background before starting grad school

I have a B.S. and M.S. in Computer Science and worked in the tech industry for several years as an IT specialist. While I enjoyed the flexibility and challenge that tech provided, I've always had an interest in the psychological sciences and wanted to find ways to refocus my career towards studying the mind.

### Why UofSC CNS?

I've always heard great things about USC, such as its excellent reputation as an R1 research institution, beautiful campus, great community, and beloved football program. However, what attracted me most to the CNS program was the wideranging and impactful research that was (and is) being conducted by its faculty. Furthermore, the language and cognition research of Dr. Amit Almor was of particular interest to me, and the possibility of working on such interesting projects with such interesting people made my decision to apply an easy one.

# You've mentioned that you already have a job with the Federal Government. Can you tell me more about that? For example, how did you get connected with that job, and what is it like?

I've worked as a researcher for the Federal Government for several years now, and my work is primarily related to data science and natural language processing. I really like my job! It's allowed me to travel across the country and work on exciting projects. It also allowed me the flexibility and opportunity to return to school to earn my PhD and has funded me through much of my time here.

Before I started working for the government, I spent two years earning my M.S. in computer science. When I was first accepted into the program, I got accepted to the National Science Foundation Scholarship for Service, which provided funding for me throughout grad school with the requirement that I would work for the Federal Government for two years in return. This was an excellent opportunity for me since it allowed me to focus solely on my work, plus they provided many different resources for job placement (i.e., career fairs, networking opportunities, etc.). I still had to work hard on my craft, apply for the positions that I was interested in, and put myself in position to do well in my job interviews, but it was all worth it in the end since I landed my dream job.

# A common fear of students deciding whether to pursue an experimental Ph.D. is the idea that there are limited job opportunities for experimental graduates. What would you say to students who are unsure about doing experimental psychology or are concerned about job outlook?

My path was unconventional, to say the least, since I came to this program with an M.S. in computer science and a somewhat already established career. That said, so many of my friends and colleagues had more conventional grad school experiences and still landed their dream jobs! I do not believe that job opportunities are limited for experimental graduates. In fact, I believe that USC's CNS PhD program helps develop students into skilled researchers that have the tools and scientific acumen to land any job they want. However, it's up to you to put in the hard work to become the success that you want to be. I suggest that you start setting some goals and making plans for what you want to achieve through this school experience, and for what kind of career you would like to build upon graduating. From there, learn as much as you can about your research interests, develop and implement research experiments, and always look out for opportunities to push yourself to the next level, such as submitting your work for publication, applying for scholarships and internships, and networking with people who have the jobs and careers you seek to have. Remember, you will only get out of this program what you put in, but if you work hard and maneuver with intentionality, you can achieve everything you set your mind to.

# Applying to the UofSC CNS Concentration

# Recommended steps for preparing an application

### 1. Identify possible mentors & contact them

Our program uses a mentor model, which means that each graduate student works with a specific faculty member on research. Sometimes this may involve a primary mentor with possible secondary mentors (see below). We <u>strongly recommend</u> that applicants read through the faculty directory to determine which faculty member's research may best match their own interests.

•Faculty list:

https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/artsandsciences/psychology/study/graduate/cognitive\_neural\_sciences/cns\_faculty2

Overview of research areas:

https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/artsandsciences/psychology/research\_clinical\_facilities/

We encourage you to email the faculty member with any questions you may have, though this is not required. Applicants should list the faculty member's name who they are interested in working with in their personal statement.

# 2. Prepare application materials

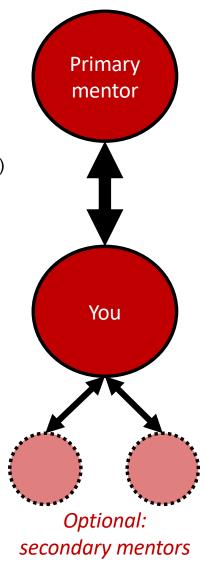
Select Cognitive and Neural Sciences concentration.

Your application will include:

- A resume or curriculum vitae ("CV")
- Education transcripts (e.g., college, graduate programs)
- 3 letters of recommendation (e.g., instructors, research faculty)
- Personal statement (Statement of Purpose): see tips below!
- Official transcript
- The GRE is <u>NOT</u> required and will <u>NOT</u> be reviewed
- Optional: Writing samples (e.g., thesis, course paper)
- Optional: Diversity statement

### Tips for your personal statement: This should speak to:

- Why are you interested in the UofSC CNS Program?
- Your preparation for graduate school
- Details about your research experiences and scholarly products
- Your writing and quantitative skills (and, if relevant, how you've handled past challenges).
- How your cultural, ethnic, or personal backgrounds will bring a unique and diverse perspective to the graduate program.
- Make sure to include the names of 1-3 potential faculty mentors and why your research focus aligns with their work.



# Applying to the UofSC CNS Concentration

### 3. Submit application to the Graduate School

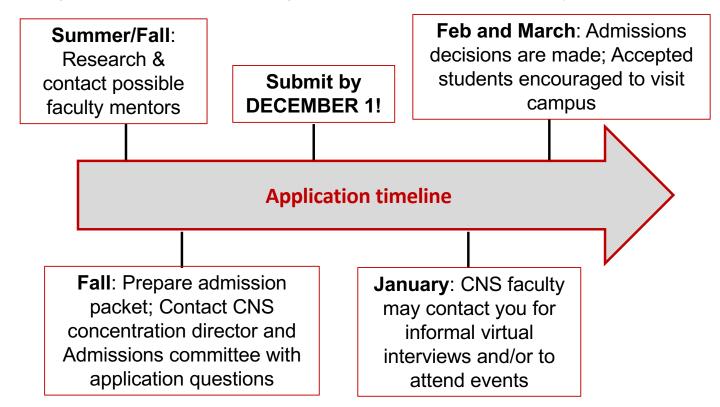
Submit your application by **December 1** on the graduate school website: <a href="https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/graduate\_school/apply/degree\_programs-application-requirements/psychology-phd/index.php">https://sc.edu/study/colleges\_schools/graduate\_school/apply/degree\_programs-application-requirements/psychology-phd/index.php</a>

•There is an application fee of \$50. If you have a financial hardship, you can ask for a fee waiver: Contact the Admissions Committee for more details.

### 4. Process for admissions decisions

#### How are admissions decisions made?

We have an admissions committee that review all applications and sends applications to faculty that may be a potential match. Decisions about admission are often made based on how well the applicant's research interests match those of the faculty member, as well as the applicants' potential for success in graduate school. Faculty may contact you for an informal virtual interview. Faculty members consult with other program faculty to make final admissions decisions. Although we do not currently have plans for any on-campus events, we encourage accepted students to arrange for a campus visit with their faculty mentor.



We hope to hear from you – let us know if you have questions or want to start chatting about science. Best of luck!



Cognitive and Neural Science Concentration
Director: Doug Wedell (wedell@mailbox.sc.edu)
Admissions committee:

Caitlin Hudac: <a href="mailto:chudac@mailbox.sc.edu">chudac@mailbox.sc.edu</a>; @greatcait

